Interaction of a homologous series of amphiphiles with P-glycoprotein in a membrane environment: **Contributions of polar and non-polar interactions**

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The ligands studied have different lengths of alkyl chains and different lipophilicity



The usual assay and analysis leads to the expected results

P-gp ATPase activity (0.1gP/L)



Different assays give different results...

inhibition of [¹²⁵I] IAAP binding (1gP/L)



The distribution of the ligand in the distinct media MUST be included in the analysis



Partition coefficient of the ligands to the lipid bilayer and to the whole membrane



Re-analysis of P-gp's ATPase activity and IAAP displacement assays

many binding sites in P-gp's binding pocket IAAP displacement **ATPase activity MD** simulations NBD-C4

Inhibition of ATPase activity by long chain amphiphiles







 $L_{\mathrm{W}} \xleftarrow{K_{\mathrm{P}}^{\mathrm{W} \to \mathrm{Lb}}} L_{\mathrm{Lb}} \quad \left[L_{\mathrm{Lb}} \right] = K_{\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{Lb}}}^{\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{W}}} \quad V_{\mathrm{Lb}} / V_{\mathrm{W}} \left[L_{\mathrm{W}} \right]$ $L_{W} + P \xleftarrow{\beta_{1}} PL_{1} [PL_{1}] = \beta_{1} [P] [L_{W}]$ $i L_{W} + P \xleftarrow{\beta_{i}} PL_{i} \quad [PL_{i}] = \beta_{i} [P] [L_{W}]^{i}$ $nL_{W} + P \xleftarrow{\beta_{n}} PL_{n} [PL_{n}] = \beta_{n} [P][L_{W}]^{n}$



Similar binding affinity for all ligands Several ligands required for IAAP displacement The alkyl chain remains in the lipid bilayer

Acknowledgements

Conclusions

Increasing ligand lipophilicity increases its association with the lipid bilayer but not with P-gp P-gp's binding pocket can simultaneously bind several ligand molecules Very lipophilic ligands inhibit P-gp's ATPase activity due their anchoring in the lipid bilayer

Fundação para a Ciência e a Tecnologia (FCT), co-funded by COMPETE2020-UE and CENTRO2020, grant numbers UIDB/00313/2020, CENTRO-01-0145-FEDER-000014, and CENTRO-04-3559-FSE-000162. BA and SVA were funded by the Intramural Program of the National Institutes of Health, National Cancer Institute, Center for Cancer Research.

Marvin Sketch was used to calculate ligand's molecular descriptors. http://www.chemaxon.com

